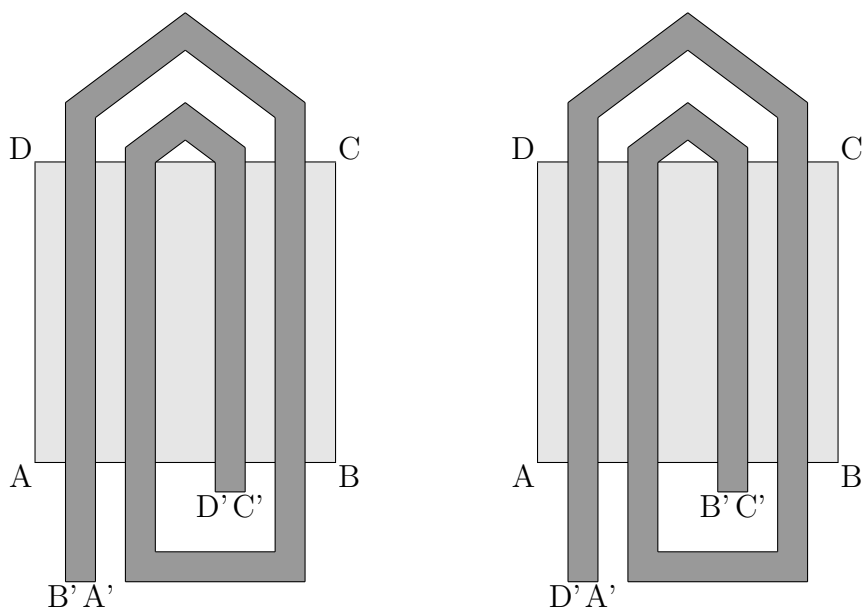


8. Homework Assignment
Dynamical Systems II

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Problem 1: Which of the following “paper-clip” maps gives rise to shift dynamics?
 (You can assume, that the maps are affine linear, in the regions of intersection.)



Problem 2: Consider the Hénon map

$$\begin{aligned} x_{j+1} &= 1 - \alpha x_j^2 + y_j, \\ y_{j+1} &= \beta x_j. \end{aligned}$$

Find a horseshoe for $1 \ll \alpha$ and $0 < \beta \ll 1$.

For the following two problems consider the situation of a C^0 -horseshoe. This means, that the iteration Φ on $\bigcup_{a \in A} V_a$ in the square Q satisfies the assumptions of the theorem about the C^0 -horseshoe. Thus, there exists a homeomorphism τ conjugating the shift $\sigma : S \rightarrow S$ to $\Phi : I \rightarrow I$, on the maximal ϕ -invariant subset $I := \tau(S) \subset \bigcup_{a \in A} V_a$. Let the horizontal and vertical Lipschitz-curves $U(s)$ and $V(s)$ be defined as in class, that is

$$\begin{aligned} U(s) &:= \{ q \in Q \mid \Phi^{-k}(q) \in V_{s_k} \ \forall k \geq 1 \}, \\ V(s) &:= \{ q \in Q \mid \Phi^{-k}(q) \in V_{s_k} \ \forall k \leq 0 \}, \end{aligned}$$

for any sequence $s = (s_k)_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \in S$.

Problem 3: Define the unstable and stable sets of points $p = \tau(s) \in I$ as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} W^u(p) &:= \left\{ q \in Q \mid \Phi^k(q) \in \bigcup_{a \in A} V_a \ \forall k \leq -1, \ \lim_{k \rightarrow -\infty} \text{dist}(\Phi^k(p), \Phi^k(q)) = 0 \right\} \\ W^s(p) &:= \left\{ q \in Q \mid \Phi^k(q) \in \bigcup_{a \in A} V_a \ \forall k \geq 0, \ \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \text{dist}(\Phi^k(p), \Phi^k(q)) = 0 \right\}. \end{aligned}$$

Prove or disprove:

- (i) $U(s) \subset W^u(p)$ and $V(s) \subset W^s(p)$;
- (ii) $W^u(p) \subset U(s)$ and $W^s(p) \subset V(s)$;

Problem 4: For every $s \in S$ is the curve $V(s)$ a graph over the vertical axis. Thus there is a function $v_s(y)$ such that $V(s) := \{(v_s(y), y), y \in [0, 1]\}$. Prove or disprove, that the curves $V(s)$ depend continuously on their footprint $(v_s(0), 0)$. That is to say for all $p = \tau(s) \in I$ and all $\epsilon > 0$ exists a $\delta > 0$ such that for all $\tilde{p} = \tau(\tilde{s}) \in I$ with $|v_s(0) - v_{\tilde{s}}(0)| < \delta$ it holds, that $\max_{0 \leq y \leq 1} |(v_s(y) - v_{\tilde{s}}(y))| < \epsilon$.